

The Burden of Tobacco in Adams County

Population 18,643

The Burden of Tobacco is a collaborative report of the Wisconsin Division of Public Health, the American Cancer Society, the University of Wisconsin Comprehensive Cancer Center, and the Wisconsin Tobacco Control Board

Smokers in Wisconsin and Adams County

	Wisconsin		Adams County	
	# of Smokers	Percent Smokers	# of Smokers	Percent Smokers
Total Number of Smokers	1,088,000		3,770	
Adult (18+) ^{1,2}	959,000	24%	3,390	23%
High School Youth ^{3,2}	107,000	33%	320	$33\%^{+}$
Middle School Youth ^{4,2}	22,000	9%	60	9%+
Smoking During Pregnancy ^{5,2}	11,000	16%	56	35%

Health Impact of Cigarette Smoking

	Wisconsin		Adams County		
- C CD 41 6.7	Total	Due to	Average	Due to	% Due
Cause of Death ^{6,7}	Deaths	Smoking	Annual Deaths	Smoking	to Smoking
Lung Cancer	2,655	2,150	18	15	82%
Other Tobacco-Related Cancers	1,546	580	7	3	41%
Heart Disease and Stroke	18,298	2,680	82	12	15%
Respiratory Disease	3,397	1,940	12	6	49%
Other Deaths Not Related To Smoking	20,509	0	79	0	0%
All Causes	46,405	7,350	199*	36*	18%

Years of Potential Life Lost

Cause of death ⁶	Wisconsin	Adams County	
Smoking-Related Cancers	41,000 years	250 years	
Heart Disease	35,000 years	180 years	
Respiratory disease	20,000 years	60 years	
All Causes	96,000 years	490 years*	

- In 2000, over 7,300 people died from smoking-related illnesses in Wisconsin. In Adams County, approximately 36 residents die annually of smoking-related illnesses.^{6,7}
- Each year, approximately 18% of all deaths in Adams County are attributable to smoking. Cigarette smoking causes 82% of all lung cancer deaths and 15% of all deaths from heart disease in Adams County. ^{6,7}
- In Wisconsin, approximately 96,000 years were lost from the potential lifespan of those who died of smoking-related illnesses in 2000. In Adams County, approximately 490 years are lost annually from the effects of smoking.⁶
- Secondhand smoke is estimated to cause as many as 1,200 additional lung cancer and heart disease deaths in Wisconsin. Household fires in Wisconsin caused by cigarettes killed an estimated 20 people in 2000. 8,9
- + Statewide youth smoking prevalence estimates were used for county youth prevalence data
- *Totals may not add up due to rounding

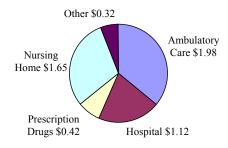
note: Wisconsin Health Impact and Years of Potential Life Lost data are based on 2000 Wisconsin mortality data. County Health Impact and Years of Potential Life Lost data are based on an annual average of 1996-2000 county mortality data.

Economic Impact of Cigarette Smoking in Wisconsin and Adams County

	Wisconsin	Adams County
Health Care Costs ^{6,10}	\$1,580,000,000	\$5,490,000
Lost Productivity ⁶	\$1,400,000,000	\$4,870,000
Total Costs	\$2,980,000,000	\$10,360,000

Smoking Attributable Health Care Costs in Adams County, 1998^{6,10}

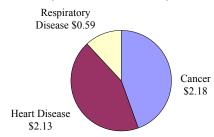
(In millions of dollars)



Total: \$5.5 Million*

Cost of Productivity Lost Due to Smoking in Adams County, 1998⁶

(In millions of dollars)



Total: \$4.9 Million*

- In 2000, there were over 426 million packs of cigarettes sold in Wisconsin. Residents of Adams County spent approximately \$4.6 million on 1,480,000 packs of cigarettes in 2000. 11
- In 1998, an estimated \$1.6 billion in health care costs were paid in Wisconsin as a result of diseases caused by smoking, with \$5.5 million paid in Adams County. ^{6,10}
- In 1998, estimated health care costs of cigarette smoking were \$300 for every man, woman and child in Adams County. ^{6,10}
- Wisconsin lost \$1.4 billion, including \$4.9 million in Adams County, in productivity costs because of illness and premature death from smoking-related illnesses. 6

Technical notes:

This report estimates the burden of cigarette smoking using the most current version of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Smoking Attributable Mortality, Morbidity and Economic Costs (SAMMEC) software program. The analysis used combined 1996-2000 sex-specific current and former adult smoking prevalence estimates for those over 35 years old and previously published relative risk estimates for smoking-related diseases to calculate a smoking attributable fraction for 18 specific diseases. To obtain the number of smoking-related deaths in Wisconsin, the smoking attributable fraction was multiplied by Wisconsin's 2000 mortality data (persons 35 years and older for adult deaths). To obtain the number of smoking-related deaths in a county, the smoking attributable fraction was multiplied by the county's 1996-2000 mortality data (persons 35 years and older). County mortality data were divided by five to obtain an average annual number of overall deaths and deaths due to smoking.

The SAMMEC model calculates the economic costs of smoking using 1998 state health expenditure data provided by the Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services. To obtain county-specific economic cost data, state personal health expenditure and productivity data were both divided by the county population. Direct cost estimates include hospitalizations, outpatient care, physician and health professional services, prescription drugs, and nursing homes. Mortality-related productivity costs are the estimated costs of lost future earnings from paid market and unpaid household labor resulting from premature death due to smoking-related diseases. Finally, the SAMMEC model calculates years of potential life lost based on the potential life expectancy of those who died.

^{*}Totals may not add up due to rounding